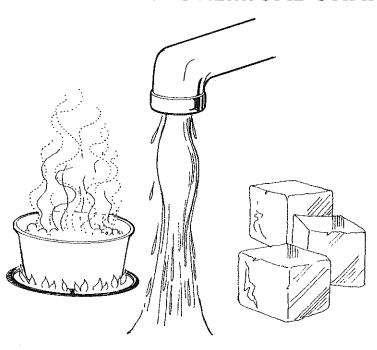
PHYSICAL VS. CHEMICAL CHANGE

Name _____



In a physical change, the original substance still exists, it has only changed in form. Energy changes usually do not accompany physical changes, except in phase changes and when substances dissolve.

In a chemical change, a new substance is produced. Energy changes always accompany chemical changes. Chemical changes are always accompanied by physical changes.

Classify the following as examples of a physical change, a chemical change or both kinds of change.

- 1. Sodium hydroxide dissolves in water.
- 2. Hydrochloric acid reacts with sodium hydroxide to produce a salt, water and heat.
- 3. A pellet of sodium is sliced in two.
- 4. Water is heated and changed to steam.
- 5. Potassium chlorate decomposes to potassium chloride and oxygen gas.
- 6. Iron rusts.
- 7. Ice melts.
- 8. Acid on limestone produces carbon dioxide gas.
- 9. Milk sours.
- 10. Wood rots.

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